Docket No.: 06155-063001

## **CLAIMS**

- A marking composition, comprising:

   a polymerizable first material that comprises silicon; and
   a second material capable of extending polymeric chains of the first material,
   wherein the marking composition is capable of undergoing a change that can be
   detected optically when the composition is contacted with energy.
- 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the second material is capable of crosslinking with the first material.
  - 3. The composition of claim 1, wherein the second material comprises a polyol.
- 4. The composition of claim 1, wherein the second material is selected from a group consisting of a diol and a triol.
- 5. The composition of claim 1, wherein the first material comprises a silicone resin.
- 6. The composition of claim 1, wherein the first material comprises a combined aromatic and aliphatic substituted silicone resin.
- 7. The composition of claim 1, wherein the first material comprises a phenyl methyl silicone resin.
- 8. The composition of claim 7, wherein the ratio of phenyl to methyl groups is between about 0.4:1 and 2.1:1.
  - 9. The composition of claim 1, further comprising a crosslinking agent.
  - 10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a silane.

- 11. The composition of claim 1, further comprising a blocked crosslinking agent.
- 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the blocked crosslinking agent comprises a carbamate.
  - 13. The composition of claim 1, further comprising a catalyst.
- 14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the catalyst is selected from a group consisting of a platinum-based catalyst, a zinc-based catalyst, and a Lewis acid.
  - 15. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an optical tag.
  - 16. A marking composition, comprising:
  - a polymerizable silicone resin;
  - a crosslinking agent capable of crosslinking with the resin; and
  - a polyol capable of extending polymeric chains of the silicone resin,

wherein the marking composition is capable of undergoing a change that can be detected optically when the composition is contacted with energy.

- 17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the polyol is selected from a group consisting of a diol and a triol.
- 18. The composition of claim 16, wherein the resin comprises a combined aromatic and aliphatic substituted silicone resin.
- 19. The composition of claim 16, wherein the resin comprises a phenyl methyl silicone resin.
- 20. The composition of claim 19, wherein the ratio of phenyl to methyl groups is between about 0.4:1 and 2.1:1.

- The composition of claim 16, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a silane. 21.
- 22. The composition of claim 16, wherein the crosslinking agent is blocked.
- The composition of claim 22, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a 23. carbamate.
  - The composition of claim 16, further comprising a catalyst. 24.
- The composition of claim 24, wherein the catalyst is selected from a group 25. consisting of platinum-based catalyst and zinc-based catalyst.
  - The composition of claim 16, comprising 26. about 10 to about 90 percent of the resin; about 0.1 to about 9 percent of the crosslinking agent; and about 1 to about 10 percent of the polyol.
- contacting the substrate with a composition comprising: a polymerizable first material that comprises silicon; and a second material capable of extending chains of the first material; and contacting the composition with energy to produce a change in the composition that can be detected optically.

A method of marking a substrate, the method comprising:

- The method of claim 27, wherein the first material comprises a silicone resin and the second material comprises a polyol.
  - 29. The method of claim 27, further comprising curing the composition.
- The method of claim 27, further comprising contacting the substrate with a second composition comprising a crosslinking agent.

- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a silane.
- 32. The method of claim 27, wherein the substrate is a beverage can.
- 33. The method of claim 27, wherein contacting the composition with energy comprises forming a marking indicative of a date.
  - 34. The method of claim 27, wherein the energy is delivered from a laser.
  - 35. An article, comprising:
  - a substrate; and
  - a marking composition on the substrate, the composition comprising
    - a polymerizable first material that comprises silicon; and
    - a second material capable of extending polymeric chains of the first material,

wherein the marking composition is capable of undergoing a change that can be detected optically when the composition is contacted with energy.

- 36. The article of claim 35, wherein the second material is capable of crosslinking with the first material.
  - 37. The article of claim 35, wherein the second material comprises a polyol.
- 38. The article of claim 35, wherein the second material is selected from a group consisting of a diol and a triol.
  - 39. The article of claim 35, wherein the first material comprises a silicone resin.
- 40. The article of claim 35, wherein the first material comprises a combined aromatic and aliphatic substituted silicone resin.

- 41. The article of claim 35, wherein the first material comprises a phenyl methyl silicone resin.
- 42. The article of claim 41, wherein the ratio of phenyl to methyl groups is between about 0.4:1 and 2.1:1.
  - 43. The article of claim 35, further comprising a crosslinking agent.
  - 44. The article of claim 43, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a silane.
  - 45. The article of claim 35, further comprising a blocked crosslinking agent.
- 46. The article of claim 45, wherein the blocked crosslinking agent comprises a carbamate.
  - 47. The article of claim 35, further comprising a catalyst.
- 48. The article of claim 47, wherein the catalyst is selected from a group consisting of a platinum-based catalyst, a zinc-based catalyst, and a Lewis acid.
  - 49. The article of claim 35, further comprising an optical tag.
  - 50. The article of claim 35, wherein the substrate comprises a metal.
  - 51. The article of claim 35, wherein the substrate is a beverage can.